## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2220

Chapter 216, Laws of 2007

60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

SHELLFISH AQUACULTURE

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/07

Passed by the House April 20, 2007 Yeas 98 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2007 Yeas 45 Nays 1

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved April 27, 2007, 2:28 p.m.

## CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2220** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

April 30, 2007

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

## SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2220

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2007 Regular Session

State of Washington60th Legislature2007 Regular SessionByHouse Committee on Appropriations (originally sponsored by<br/>Representative Lantz)

READ FIRST TIME 03/05/07.

1 AN ACT Relating to shellfish; amending RCW 79.135.100 and 2 77.115.040; adding new sections to chapter 28B.20 RCW; and creating new 3 sections.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 28B.20 RCW 6 to read as follows:

7 (1) The sea grant program at the University of Washington shall, consistent with this section, commission a series of scientific 8 research studies that examines the possible effects, including the 9 10 cumulative effects, of the current prevalent geoduck aquaculture 11 techniques and practices on the natural environment in and around Puget 12 Sound, including the Strait of Juan de Fuca. The sea grant program shall use funding provided from the geoduck aquaculture research 13 account created in section 2 of this act to review existing literature, 14 15 directly perform research identified as needed, or to enter into and manage contracts with scientific organizations or institutions to 16 accomplish these results. 17

18 (2) Prior to entering into a contract with a scientific19 organization or institution, the sea grant program must:

(a) Analyze, through peer review, the credibility of the proposed
 party to the contract, including whether the party has credible
 experience and knowledge and has access to the facilities necessary to
 fully execute the research required by the contract; and

5 (b) Require that all proposed parties to a contract fully disclose 6 any past, present, or planned future personal or professional 7 connections with the shellfish industry or public interest groups.

8 (3) All research commissioned under this section must be subjected 9 to a rigorous peer review process prior to being accepted and reported 10 by the sea grant program.

(4) In prioritizing and directing research under this section, the 11 sea grant program shall meet with the department of ecology at least 12 13 annually and rely on guidance submitted by the department of ecology. 14 The department of ecology shall convene the shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee created in section 4 of this act as necessary to 15 serve as an oversight committee to formulate the guidance provided to 16 17 the sea grant program. The objective of the oversight committee, and the resulting guidance provided to the sea grant program, is to ensure 18 that the research required under this section satisfies the planning, 19 permitting, and data management needs of the state, to assist in the 20 21 prioritization of research given limited funding, and to help identify 22 any research that is beneficial to complete other than what is listed in subsection (5) of this section. 23

(5) To satisfy the minimum requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the sea grant program shall review all scientific research that is existing or in progress that examines the possible effect of currently prevalent geoduck practices, on the natural environment, and prioritize and conduct new studies as needed, to measure and assess the following:

30 (a) The environmental effects of structures commonly used in the31 aquaculture industry to protect juvenile geoducks from predation;

32 (b) The environmental effects of commercial harvesting of geoducks 33 from intertidal geoduck beds, focusing on current prevalent harvesting 34 techniques, including a review of the recovery rates for benthic 35 communities after harvest;

36 (c) The extent to which geoducks in standard aquaculture tracts 37 alter the ecological characteristics of overlying waters while the

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1 tracts are submerged, including impacts on species diversity, and the 2 abundance of other benthic organisms;

3 (d) Baseline information regarding naturally existing parasites and 4 diseases in wild and cultured geoducks, including whether and to what 5 extent commercial intertidal geoduck aquaculture practices impact the 6 baseline;

7 (e) Genetic interactions between cultured and wild geoduck,
8 including measurements of differences between cultured geoducks and
9 wild geoducks in terms of genetics and reproductive status; and

10 (f) The impact of the use of sterile triploid geoducks and whether 11 triploid animals diminish the genetic interactions between wild and 12 cultured geoducks.

13 (6) If adequate funding is not made available for the completion of all research required under this section, the sea grant program shall 14 consult with the shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee, via the 15 department of ecology, to prioritize which of the enumerated research 16 17 projects have the greatest cost/benefit ratio in terms of providing information important for regulatory decisions; however, the study 18 identified in subsection (5)(b) of this section shall receive top 19 20 priority. The prioritization process may include the addition of any 21 new studies that may be appropriate in addition to, or in place of, 22 studies listed in this section.

(7) When appropriate, all research commissioned under this section
 must address localized and cumulative effects of geoduck aquaculture.

(8) The sea grant program and the University of Washington are prohibited from retaining greater than fifteen percent of any funding provided to implement this section for administrative overhead or other deductions not directly associated with conducting the research required by this section.

30 (9) Individual commissioned contracts under this section may 31 address single or multiple components listed for study under this 32 section.

(10) All research commissioned under this section must be completed and the results reported to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2013. In addition, the sea grant program shall provide the appropriate committees of the legislature with annual reports updating the status and progress of the ongoing studies that are completed in advance of the 2013 deadline.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28B.20 RCW
 to read as follows:

3 The geoduck aquaculture research account is created in the custody state treasurer. All receipts from any 4 of the legislative appropriations, the aquaculture industry, or any other private or 5 public source directed to the account must be deposited in the account. 6 7 Expenditures from the account may only be used by the sea grant program for the geoduck research projects identified by section 1 of this act. 8 9 Only the president of the University of Washington or the president's 10 designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to the allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an 11 12 appropriation is not required for expenditures.

13 **Sec. 3.** RCW 79.135.100 and 1984 c 221 s 10 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

15 (1) If state-owned aquatic lands are used for aquaculture 16 production or harvesting, rents and fees shall be established through 17 competitive bidding or negotiation.

18 (2) After an initial twenty-three acres are leased, the department 19 is prohibited from offering leases that would permit the intertidal 20 commercial aquaculture of geoducks on more than fifteen acres of state-21 owned aquatic lands a year until December 1, 2014.

(3) Any intertidal leases entered into by the department for geoduck aquaculture must be conditioned in such a way that the department can engage in monitoring of the environmental impacts of the lease's execution, without unreasonably diminishing the economic viability of the lease, and that the lease tracts are eligible to be made part of the studies conducted under section 1 of this act.

28 (4) The department must notify all abutting landowners and any 29 landowner within three hundred feet of the lands to be leased of the 30 intent of the department to lease any intertidal lands for the purposes 31 of geoduck aquaculture.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) The shellfish aquaculture regulatory 33 committee is established to, consistent with this section, serve as an 34 advisory body to the department of ecology on regulatory processes and 35 approvals for all current and new shellfish aquaculture activities, and 36 the activities conducted pursuant to RCW 90.58.060, as the activities relate to shellfish. The shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee is
 advisory in nature, and no vote or action of the committee may overrule
 existing statutes, regulations, or local ordinances.

4 (2) The shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee shall develop 5 recommendations as to:

(a) A regulatory system or permit process for all current and new
shellfish aquaculture projects and activities that integrates all
applicable existing local, state, and federal regulations and is
efficient both for the regulators and the regulated; and

10 (b) Appropriate guidelines for geoduck aquaculture operations to be 11 included in shoreline master programs under section 5 of this act. 12 When developing the recommendations for guidelines under this 13 subsection, the committee must examine the following:

14 (i) Methods for quantifying and reducing marine litter; and

(ii) Possible landowner notification policies and requirements forestablishing new geoduck aquaculture farms.

17 (3)(a) The members of the shellfish aquaculture regulatory 18 committee shall be appointed by the director of the department of 19 ecology as follows:

(i) Two representatives of county government, one from a county located on the Puget Sound, and one from a county located on the Pacific Ocean;

(ii) Two individuals who are professionally engaged in the commercial aquaculture of shellfish, one who owns or operates an aquatic farm in Puget Sound, and one who owns or operates an aquatic farm in state waters other than the Puget Sound;

27 (iii) Two representatives of organizations representing the 28 environmental community;

(iv) Two individuals who own shoreline property, one of which does not have a commercial geoduck operation on his or her property and one of which who does have a commercial geoduck operation on his or her property; and

33 (v) One representative each from the following state agencies: The 34 department of ecology, the department of fish and wildlife, the 35 department of agriculture, and the department of natural resources.

36 (b) In addition to the other participants listed in this37 subsection, the governor shall invite the full participation of two

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tribal governments, at least one of which is located within the
 drainage of the Puget Sound.

3 (4) The department of ecology shall provide administrative and 4 clerical assistance to the shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee 5 and all agencies listed in subsection (3) of this section shall provide 6 technical assistance.

7 (5) Nonagency members of the shellfish aquaculture regulatory
8 committee will not be compensated, but are entitled to be reimbursed
9 for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

10 (6) Any participation by a Native American tribe on the shellfish 11 aquaculture regulatory committee shall not, under any circumstances, be 12 viewed as an admission by the tribe that any of its activities, or 13 those of its members, are subject to any of the statutes, regulations, 14 ordinances, standards, or permit systems reviewed, considered, or 15 proposed by the committee.

16 (7) The shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee is authorized to 17 form technical advisory panels as needed and appoint to them members 18 not on the shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee.

19 (8) The department of ecology shall report the recommendations and 20 findings of the shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee to the 21 appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2007, with a 22 further report, if necessary, by December 1, 2008.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The department of ecology shall develop, by rule, guidelines for the appropriate siting and operation of geoduck aquaculture operations to be included in any master program under this section. The guidelines adopted under this section must be prepared with the advice of the shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee created in section 4 of this act, which shall serve as the advisory committee for the development of the guidelines.

30 (2) The guidelines required under this section must be filed for 31 public review and comment no later than six months after the delivery 32 of the final report by the shellfish aquaculture regulatory committee 33 created in section 4 of this act.

(3) The department of ecology shall update the guidelines required
under this section, as necessary, after the completion of the geoduck
research by the sea grant program at the University of Washington
required under section 1 of this act.

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1 Sec. 6. RCW 77.115.040 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 58 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) All aquatic farmers, as defined in RCW 15.85.020, shall register with the department. The director shall assign each aquatic 4 farm a unique registration number and develop and maintain in an 5 electronic database a registration list of all aquaculture farms. The 6 7 department shall establish procedures to annually update the aquatic farmer information contained in the registration list. The department 8 shall coordinate with the department of health using shellfish growing 9 area certification data when updating the registration list. 10

11 (2) Registered aquaculture farms shall provide the department 12 ((production statistical data)) with the following information:

13 (a) The name of the aquatic farmer;

14 (b) The address of the aquatic farmer;

15 (c) Contact information such as telephone, fax, web site, and email 16 address, if available;

17 (d) The number and location of acres under cultivation, including
 18 a map displaying the location of the cultivated acres;

19 (e) The name of the landowner of the property being cultivated or 20 otherwise used in the aquatic farming operation;

21 (f) The private sector cultured aquatic product being propagated,

22 <u>farmed</u>, or cultivated; and

23 (g) Statistical production data.

24 <u>(3)</u> The state veterinarian shall be provided with registration and 25 statistical data by the department.

> Passed by the House April 20, 2007. Passed by the Senate April 20, 2007. Approved by the Governor April 27, 2007. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 30, 2007.